Name $\qquad$

## Solve the equation.

1) $(7 x+4)^{2}=15$
2) $6 x^{2}+3=153$

Find the term that should be added to the expression to form a perfect square trinomial. Write the resulting perfect square trinomial in factored form.
3) $x^{2}+8 x$
4) $x^{2}-14 x$
5) $x^{2}-5 x$
10) $3 x^{2}=-10 x-4$
7) $x^{2}+14 x+35=0$
8) $x^{2}+5 x-5=0$
9) $4 x^{2}+6 x=-1$
11) $x^{2}=5-6 x$

Solve the equation by completing the square.
6) $x^{2}-2 x-15=0$

Solve the quadratic equation by any method.
12) $x^{2}+11 x=0$
13) $4 x^{2}+8 x=-2$
14) $\frac{4}{9} \mathrm{x}^{2}-\frac{4}{3} \mathrm{x}=-1$
15) $3 x(x-1)=10$

Solve the formula for the specified variable.
16) $\mathrm{A}=3 \pi \mathrm{a}^{2}$ for a
17) $\mathrm{Ve}=\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{mv}^{2}$ for v

## Solve the problem.

18) The position of an object moving in a straight line is given by $s=2 t^{2}-3 t$, where $s$ is in meters and $t$ is the time in seconds the object has been in motion. How long will it take the object to move 17 meters?

Answer Key
Testname: WKS_18.3B_C

1) $\frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{15}}{7}$
2) $\pm 5$
3) $16 ;(x+4)^{2}$
4) $49 ;(x-7)^{2}$
5) $\frac{25}{4} ;\left(x-\frac{5}{2}\right)^{2}$
6) $5,-3$
7) $-7 \pm \sqrt{14}$
8) $\frac{-5 \pm 3 \sqrt{5}}{2}$
9) $\frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{5}}{4}$
10) $\frac{-5 \pm \sqrt{13}}{3}$
11) $-3 \pm \sqrt{14}$
12) $-11,0$
13) $\frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{2}}{2}$
14) $\frac{3}{2}$
15) $\frac{3 \pm \sqrt{129}}{6}$
16) $a= \pm \sqrt{\frac{\mathrm{A}}{3 \pi}}$
17) $v= \pm \sqrt{\frac{2 V e}{m}}$
18) 3.8 sec
